2012

Innovative Curriculum for Engineering in High School (ICE-HS): Status Update

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Ms. Iris B. Burnham, Da Vinci School for Science and the Arts

Iris B. Burnham is the Founder and Superintendent of the Burnham Wood Charter School District in El Paso, Texas. The Da Vinci School serves grades 5-12 and has been designated an Innovative STEM Academy by the Texas Education Agency. Burnham’s career includes more than 30 years of teaching, designing curriculum and implementation of education programs for students of all ages including new teachers.
Abstract
The ICE-HS was developed to address the need to define an engineering curriculum in a charter high school. The research team reviewed several vendor prescribed curricula such as project lead the way and infinity, and digital libraries funded by NSF and ASEE such as teachengineering.org, cadrek12.org and egfi.org. The inflexibility of vendor sold curricula and lack of structure with the digital libraries posed some challenges for teaching engineering in high school. The school needed some customization of available curricula for implementing a discrete engineering course The ICE-HS was thus developed to address this need. The ICE-HS presents a step-by-step methodology for developing a four-year high school engineering curriculum framework based on backward design and systems thinking approaches. The ICE-HS is structured around two major objectives: attracting the high school students to STEM and providing a flexible engineering foundation. It does not prescribe specific modules but offers integration with the other disciplines such as language/arts and traditional science courses. The ICE-HS uses digital libraries and vendor sold curricula providing a framework that allows the school to customize its delivery for appropriate grades and levels.

The ICE-HS is currently being piloted in a charter high school, Da Vinci School for Science and the Arts. This paper presents the ICE-HS approach, syllabus of each of the courses developed using ICE-HS, and initial data indicating positive impact on student learning.

Introduction
This December, The Oregonian reported, "It turns out, teenagers aren't avoiding careers in engineering because they think it's geeky. They're simply unaware of what engineers do," according to a study of 1,000 teenagers commissioned by Intel and nonprofit Change the Equation. The "survey showed 63 percent of the students ages 13 to 18 have never considered the career despite having 'generally positive opinions of engineers and engineering.' The perception that engineering is difficult also played a part in the lack of job consideration."

This was further supported by VentureBeat “Currently, around one-third of teens can't name any potential job opportunities in engineering fields. Roughly 13 percent don't think that an engineering degree would be more likely to lead to a great job than any other major. And a full 20 percent of these teens have no concept of just how much engineering shapes the world around us."

Pre-college engineering is especially problematic in STEM education since there is no well-established tradition of engineering in the K-12 curriculum, or as part of teacher preparation and certification processes. The result: most K-12 teachers and administrators are ill-prepared to advise students about engineering careers, much less to introduce engineering knowledge and skills into the classroom. While there is a growing appreciation that engineering may be a positive vehicle to motivate K-12 student study of other STEM subjects, some emerging research indicates that there are circumstances in which this position may not be entirely valid. However, the gaps in experience with engineering in the K-12 setting make these kinds of discussions difficult to a large degree, because there is no epistemic foundation to give them
context. Engineering in K-12 Education, a report released recently by the National Academy of Engineering, and the National Research Council, make a number of convincing arguments for engineering as “a catalyst for a more interconnected and effective K-12 STEM education system,” and recognizes that this outcome “will require significant rethinking of what STEM education can and should be”.

Among the wide variety of engineering programs developed for K-12 education, such as vendor prescribed curricula; project lead the way and infinity, and digital libraries funded by NSF and ASEE; teachengineering.org, cadrek12.org and egfi.org. The inflexibility of vendor sold curricula and lack of structure with the digital libraries pose challenges for teaching engineering in high school. There is a need of not only a mechanism for customization of engineering education in high school based on their wants and needs but also a support structure to sustain and continuously improve engineering education in high school. The ICE-HS framework as applied to the Da Vinci School provided not only a mechanism of customization but also a support structure and continues improvement.

The Da Vinci Case Study
The Da Vinci School for Science & the Arts, a designated STEM academy funded through the Texas Education Agency’s T-STEM Initiative, required help to develop an engineering curriculum and teaching methodology that would successfully interest all students in the problem solving and design thinking prevalent in all engineering fields. Da Vinci has an 80 percent minority population with 43 percent at-risk students. The engineering course developed was to be offered to all students as opposed to student self-selection and the course would be offered at least 3 hours a week. The school reviewed the vendor specific engineering curricula but found it expensive to implement for their budget. The teachers had undergone several training were familiar with egg-drop, Lego robotics and other activities to promote engineering in high school but lacked structure to introduce them as a discrete engineering course.

After several meetings, discussions with the teachers and research the authors concluded that along with the understanding by design approach to curriculum they would use a systems approach to the defining engineering in high school.

Systems engineering, as defined by International Council of Systems Engineering’s (INCOSE) Systems Engineering Handbook is a profession, a process, and a perspective as illustrated by these three representative definitions.

1. Systems engineering is a discipline that concentrates on the design and application of the whole (system) as distinct from the parts. It involves looking at a problem in its entirety, taking into account all the facets and all the variables and relating the social to the technical aspect.

2. Systems engineering is an iterative process of top-down synthesis, development, and operation of a real-world system that satisfies, in a near optimal manner, the full range of requirements for the system.

3. Systems engineering is an interdisciplinary approach and means to enable the realization of successful systems.

The grand challenges of 21st century are complex engineering problems requiring a systems thinking approach. The authors believe that introduction on systems engineering design process to the teachers in high school would lead to broadening their perspective on engineering.
Students experiencing systems engineering projects in their classrooms understand the complexity of the futuristic problems and the mechanism to solve them. Furthermore, the highly engaging challenge that a systems engineering approach offers the novice by asking a student to imagine an outcome and apply all their creativity and fancy to the solution becomes an enticing and limitless project to a young mind. Once the student has envisioned their model, then the nuts and bolts of engineering are introduced to show how it might be realized. Hence- a perfect instructional hook. The engineering content for ICE-HS Framework is inspired by systems engineering discipline.

The ICE-HS Framework is designed with the adaptation of a logical instructional model that is based on the professional standard for instructional delivery, Understanding by Design (UBD). This format begins with clear objectives for student outcomes using Bloom’s Taxonomy; a Motivational or Student Engagement Component; an array of delivery methodologies including team work, lecture, project-based learning and inquiry-based learning; concluding with self-reflection exercises and formative assessment of the objectives. The specific artifacts of the UBD including the mission goals, essential questions and the objectives are included in appendix. A core group of science, math and technology teachers, and the school superintendent were involved in the development of the UBD artifacts customizing the curriculum to Da Vinci school.

For example, the Framework in the 9th grade begins with Engineering & Me. The primary objective is to teach students about the roles and challenges that engineering professions face, along with the required skill levels, knowledge and tools they must master. Imbedded in this unit is the Motivational or Student Engagement Component whereby students make connections with the Engineering profession by meeting and interviewing engineers, learning of their humanitarian projects, and coming to appreciate contributions of engineers to students’ interests or tentative career choices.

The next unit, Systems Models, addresses the second objective for that year which is to understand the seminal concept used by engineers: the Engineering Algorithm. Once this thinking tool is introduced and understood, the third unit, Systems Engineering Project, is presented. The students and teacher move from the theoretical to the hands-on application. During the implementation/application phase, students will deliberately practice the work habits of engineers (i.e., teamwork protocol and the tools appropriate to their level such as data-driven decision making), to accomplish their mission.

The 10th grade units progress in a similar pattern, incorporating age/grade appropriate knowledge and skills that complement their other grade level subjects to fortify and enhance the introduction of this new discipline.

**Backward Design** – Educational policy debates of the last 50 years have challenged K-12 teachers to become much more focused on the psychological principles of how students learn and to define effective teaching through clear demonstration of student learning. One of the most effective conceptual models supporting such an approach that emerged is that of “backward design” to guide curriculum development. Backward Design as laid out by involves three stages:

Stage 1) identification of desired results in terms of established goals or standards, what essential questions will be considered, what understandings are desired on the part of students,
and what key knowledge and skills students will acquire as a result of a particular unit or module;

Stage 2) determination of acceptable evidence, including performance tasks and other evidence (tests, quizzes, prompts, work samples, observations) that will show that students understand, as well as student self-assessments and reflections about their learning; and

Stage 3) planned learning experiences, the sequence of teaching and learning experiences that will equip students to engage with, develop, and demonstrate the desired understandings.

The ICE-HS Framework was developed using these steps in a workshop led by the authors. The workshop resulted in a curriculum with vision, mission, mission goals, measureable objectives and four-year engineering framework customized for the Da Vinci high school. The sequence of four engineering courses shown in Figure 1 was designed based on the workshop results.

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**Figure 1. Four-year High School Engineering Curriculum**

- **9th Grade**
  - Introduction to engineering process and disciplines
  - This course introduces engineering concepts and methodologies using a systems point of view, explores the impact of engineering on society and the environment, and introduces students to the roles, functions and connections of the engineering professions
  - Unit 1: Engineering and Me
  - Unit 2: Systems Models
  - Unit 3: Systems Engineering Project

- **10th Grade**
  - Introduction to specific engineering disciplines
  - This course will introduce application of engineering principles to specific engineering disciplines: mechanical, electrical, materials, civil, industrial, and computational. The course will develop analytical and data driven decision making skills
  - Unit 1: Industrial Engineering
  - Unit 2: Civil Engineering
  - Unit 3: Mechanical Engineering
  - Unit 4: Electrical and Computational Engineering

- **11th Grade**
  - Engineering Project Management
  - This course will consolidate engineering principles through the application of design skills in a project that promotes positive societal impact. This course introduces project management skills incorporating multidisciplinary contributions
  - Unit 1: Project Management
  - Unit 2: Project Selection and Justification
  - Unit 3: Project Plan and Implementation
  - Unit 4: Project Evaluation

- **12th Grade**
  - Capstone Project
  - This is a capstone year-long course that involves project development, planning and implementation and evaluation
  - Unit 1: Concept Selection
  - Unit 2: Project Planning
  - Unit 3: Project Execution
  - Unit 4: Project Evaluation
The courses 9th and 10th grade were implemented last year and the teachers provided their syllabus as shown in following tables

### Table 1: 9th grade Syllabus for the Da Vinci Engineering Course

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Week</th>
<th>Course work</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1st Six Weeks</td>
<td>Interest Inventory, to connect to student interests</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Guest speakers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Tours/field trips</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Videos: How it’s Made, Engineering an Empire</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Hands on challenges: Egg drop/Mars Lander, Pre- packaged kit materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2nd Six Weeks</td>
<td>Engineering algorithm:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Practice problems and mock projects</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Six step process</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Problem definition</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Research</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Brainstorm solutions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Selection by data driven decision making and constraints</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Implementation and evaluation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Revision and iteration if needed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3rd Six Weeks</td>
<td>Futuristic Class Room Design</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Student teams conduct group work and whole group exercises to lead up to</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>power point presentation of the design of the perfect classroom of the future.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Apply algorithm to the problem and design</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4th Six Weeks</td>
<td>Biodegradable unit using kit—NSF funded Material Worlds Module</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Design of medicine delivery device, per kit student guide booklet.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Research and reports</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5th Six Weeks</td>
<td>Sports materials unit using kit —NSF funded Material Worlds Module</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Design project of improving a game</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6th Six weeks</td>
<td>Capstone project, possibly Lego Robotics</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Table 2: 10th grade Syllabus for the Da Vinci Engineering Course

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Week</th>
<th>Course work</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1st Six Weeks</td>
<td>• Intro to Engineering</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Informal survey of Engineering and show videos, pictures, stories, etc, that will motivate students to learn about Engineering</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Review of to Engineering Process</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Step-by-step explanation of process</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>» Identify Problem</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>» Research</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>» Develop Solutions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>» Construct Prototype</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>» Evaluate Solution</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>» Redesign if needed</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| 2\textsuperscript{nd} Six Weeks | • Application of Engineering Process  
  • Students will apply Engineering Process to a simple problem  
    – Step-by-step guidance with teacher  
  • Students will apply Engineering Process to a problem with less supervision  
  • Student will apply Engineering Process to a more complex problem  
    – Apply step-by-step  
    – Provide with a realistic, attainable, possible solution  
    – Present Power Point Presentation to class and explain in detail  
• Assessment and six weeks presentations |
| --- | --- |
| 2\textsuperscript{nd} Six Weeks | • Introduction to Civil Engineering  
  – History  
    • Show videos about ancient civilization and their advancement in Engineering  
    • Modern times Engineering  
  – The Profession  
    • Job Duties  
    • Job Options  
    • Salary  
  – Education Required  
    • University Degree Curriculum  
    • Graduate School  
  – Sub disciplines  
• Students will construct a model of civil engineering following the basic constructions concepts.  
  • Buildings  
  • Bridge/Road  
  • Dam  
  • Model Environmental solution  
  • Water System  
  • Tunnel  
  • Mechanic of soils  
  • Hydraulics  
• Students will create a Power Point Presentation  
  • History of Project  
  • Explanation of engineering and technology related to model  
  • Socio Economic Impact  
  • Ecological consequences |
| 3\textsuperscript{rd} Six Weeks | • Introduction to Mechanical Engineering  
  – History  
    • Show videos about ancient civilization and their
advancement in Engineering
  • Modern times Engineering
  – The Profession
   • Job Duties
   • Job Options
   • Salary
  – Education Required
   • University Degree Curriculum
   • Graduate School
   • Students will construct an automatic door with the use of Lego’s
     • Students will develop an automatic door [like doors at grocery stores]
     • Students will utilize the concept of gears, pulleys,
     • Students will utilize sensors
     • Students will program door

Students will construct a Lego vehicle that will climb and perform task on a prepared course
  • Students will research design, gears, motors, etc
  • Students will program vehicle

| 4th Six Weeks | • Introduction to Electrical Engineering |
|              |   – History |
|              |     • Show videos about ancient civilization and their advancements in Engineering |
|              |     • Modern times Engineering |
|              |   – The Profession |
|              |     • Job Duties |
|              |     • Job Options |
|              |     • Salary |
|              |   – Education Required |
|              |     • University Degree Curriculum |
|              |     • Graduate School |
|              |   • Electrical Engineering |
|              |     • Definition |
|              |     • Ohms Law |
|              |     • Resistors series/parallel |
|              |     • Create a phone system with the use of cups, string, and toothpicks |
|              |     • Creating a Simple Telegraph Machine Activity |
|              |       • Students will create a working telegraph machine to understand concepts of simple circuits, communication systems, force and motion, and technology |

Lesson Plan on Engineering Lessons Book

| 5th Six Weeks | • Computer use in Engineering |
|              |     • Electronic Communication |
|              |     • Word Processing |
Each of these units was associated to an assessment structure. The teachers also used Edmodo.com to develop and share lesson plans that each could use in their classes. These syllabi were developed by following the ICE-HS framework. The following section gives a brief overview of ICE-HS

**The Innovative Curriculum for Engineering in High School (ICE-HS)**

ICE-HS framework was developed with three major dimensions: Teacher Development, Curriculum Development and Student Learning. The goals associated with each are:

1) Teacher Development: Enhance the ability of teachers to teach engineering in high school selecting, adapting and integrating grade-appropriate activities and materials from readily available, quality, research-based engineering, STEM instructional resources such as International Technology and Engineering Educators Association (ITEEA)

2) Framework Implementation: Develop a framework implementation process that can be replicated in geographically, economically and ethnically diverse high schools.

3) Student Learning: Students will come to understand increasingly complex content and concepts by learning, practicing and applying engineering design, thinking and skills.

The three goals of the research are achieved through a three-year incremental deployment coordinated with the formative assessments. The ICE-HS framework, shown in figure 2, illustrates the major activities and the outcomes for each dimension. This framework is a process based model. The replications of such models are successful when there is a buy-in from the administration and the teachers towards the STEM program. The replication methodology for ICE-HS begin by doing the framework activities as shown in figure 2 with the new high school and generate the customized four year curriculum. The authors will then develop a support mechanism to help with the implementation of the curriculum through the teacher development and phased implementation process.
**Evaluation**

The students of Da Vinci were given a survey developed and web administered by an external evaluator after experiencing the first implementation of the 10th grade engineering course. The survey was an adapted version of the Student Assessment of their Learning Gains (SALG) instrument, which was developed and standardized in earlier projects sponsored by the National Science Foundation.

**Content** – The survey consisted of three parts: (1) **Knowledge**, i.e., a student’s assessment of his/her understanding of major topics identified by the teacher for exploration in the class; (2) **Skills**, i.e., a student’s assessment of his/her skills relating to the topics explored in the class; and (3) **Engineering Careers**, i.e., a student’s interest and future plans with respect to Engineering and other STEM fields. The following text synthesizes major findings for all courses to date.

**Response Rate** – There were 27 students in the course, but three had left for summer vacation prior to administration of the survey. Therefore, 89% of the class participated in the pilot, with 24 students who began the survey. One student, however, only responded to the first two questions. Since 23 students completed the entire survey, the **actual response rate was 85% of the class**.

**A. Understanding of Engineering and its Core Disciplines**

At least half or more of the students indicated that they understood (by their “Yes Definitely” or “Yes” responses) the following topics: (a) the Engineering Design Process (71%); and (b) how ideas explored in the class relate to ideas encountered in other classes outside of Engineering (52%).

In contrast, 44 percent responded that they understood Mechanical Engineering, and less than 30 percent indicated that they understood the other disciplines: Civil Engineering (29%); Electrical Engineering (26%); Bioengineering (22%); and Industrial & Manufacturing Engineering (13%). Only one fourth (26%) responded that they understood the relationships among the five core Engineering disciplines, and 22 percent indicated that they understood how studying Engineering helps people address real world issues.
B. Skills

The four areas of skill identified as strongest (responding “Yes Definitely” or “Yes”) by most students included: (a) working effectively with others (78%); (b) applying the Engineering Design Process to solve problems (61%); (c) identifying patterns in data (61%); and (d) prepare and give oral presentations (59%).

The skills identified as strongest by less than half of the students were: (a) write documents in appropriate style and format for Engineering (26%); (b) describe the characteristics of the different Engineering disciplines (35%); (c) develop a logical argument (44%); and (d) recognize a sound argument and appropriate use of evidence (48%).

C. Plans for College

Almost 55 percent indicated that “Yes Definitely” or “Perhaps,” they did intend to study Science, while 46 percent responded similarly about Math. Only 19 percent indicated that plan for Engineering, but 38 percent responded that they were “Undecided” about studying Engineering. Slightly more than one fourth (27%) responded that “Yes Definitely” or “Perhaps” they would major in Technology, while 32 percent indicated they were “Undecided” about that field.

Conclusion and Future Plans

Preliminary data suggests an overall positive impact of ICE-HS on students of the 10th grade. The future plans include collecting a pre and post survey for 9th and 10th grade students to establish a baseline and track the improvement make changes to the course and be sensitive to the changes in student attitudes towards STEM, especially engineering.

There are three more schools in Texas that have shown interest in implementing ICE-HS. The Authors plan on developing summer workshop and expand data collection across the schools to increase their sample space and impact on pre-college engineering education.

Reference

Appendix

Da Vinci Engineering Curriculum

Vision
Da Vinci Engineering Program will teach all students the power of integrating engineering into everyday learning

Mission
To prepare each student to design the future

Mission Related Goals
M.G.1. Accomplish broad understanding of engineering disciplines and concepts
M.G.2. Overcome misconceptions of engineering stereotypes and develop data driven decision making skill set
M.G.3. Successfully enroll in STEM field
M.G.4. Develop Autonomy in different engineering fields …
M.G.5. Use their learning to impact the community and their own lives

Priority Based Measurable Objectives

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Objective #</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Priority</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>E.2.</td>
<td>Data driven decision making</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E.8.</td>
<td>Embed STEM skills in each subject</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E.1.</td>
<td>Engineering tools and templates</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E.7.</td>
<td>Community Impact</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E.3.</td>
<td>Project/Problem based learning</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E.4.</td>
<td>Team based learning</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E.6.</td>
<td>Effective Communication</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E.5.</td>
<td>Ethics</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The Guiding Essential Question

“How do I design my future? (My future / The future)”

With the power of engineering

The Course Template
Each course template should consist of the following elements
- Course Title/Name
Sequence of Engineering Courses
9th Grade: Eng#1: Engineering Principles: Introduction to engineering process and disciplines
10th Grade: Eng#2: Technology Systems: Introduction to specific engineering disciplines
11th Grade: Eng#3: Problems and Solutions in Technology: Engineering Project Management
12th Grade: Eng#4: Research Design and Development: Synthesis