Ebola is a serious health issue in Guinea and current protocols need to change to successfully combat it. Our short term approach will supply resources to afflicted areas, and in the long term we plan to identify at-risk areas, fortify their medical systems, and educate the public on Ebola. Future outbreaks are expected to be contained with fewer cases and lower mortality rates. Through policy changes, Guinea will have the tools needed to deal with current and future Ebola outbreaks.

**Abstract**

Statistics

- **Hospital Statistics, 2009-2012**
  - Physicians: 12, 11, 10, 11
  - Hospital Beds: 2, 2, 2
  - Healthcare: 3, 3, 3
  - Education: 4, 4, 4

- **GDP Expenditures, 2011**
  - Physicians: $100, $200, $300
  - Hospital Beds: $500

**Literacy Rates**

- Guinea: 41%
- Uganda: 73.2%
- United States: 99%

**Telephone Mainlines**

- Guinea: 18 thousand
- Uganda: 315 thousand
- United States: 139 million

**Conclusions & Recommendations**

- If implemented, short term policies will lead to a swift end to current outbreak
- New long term strategy will prepare at-risk nations for future outbreaks
- Future response will be rapid and efficient